	Political Science		
Sr. No.	Common Courses	Course Code	Credit Hours
	Research Methodology	PHDA101	3.0
A.1.			
	Review of Literature	PHDA102	2.0
A.2.			
A.3.	Computer Applications	PHDA103	2.0
A.4.	Research and Publication Ethics (RPE)	PHDA104	2.0
Sr. No.	Electives Courses		
B.1.	Frontier Areas in Political Science	PHDPOSC101	2.0
B.2.	Political Theory	PHDPOSC102	2.0
B.3.	International Relations and Peace Studies	PHDPOSC103	2.0
C.1.	Dissertation		3.0

B1. Frontier Areas in Political Science (PHDPOSC101)

Module1 : Theories and Concepts: a) Social Justice/ identity/civil society b) Neo-Liberalism/Globalization/Nation.

Module -2:State Politics in India: a) State, Economy and Development b) Indian Democracy: Changes and Challenges.

Module -3:International Relations: a) National Security and Foreign Policy. b): Positivist and Post Positivist Approaches.

References

- Mathur, K. (2013). *Public Policy and Politics in India- How Institution Matters*. U.K.: Oxford University Press.
- Mehra, A.K.(2013). *The Indian Parliament and Democratic Transformation*.U.K: Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group.
- Routledge, R.J.(2000).*Democratic Politics and Economic Reforms in India*.Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Sapru, R.K. (2017). *Public Policy: A Contemporary Perspective*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd.

B 2 Political Theory(PHDPOSC102)

Module1: Issues in Epistemology and Ontology, Historicism and Neo-Historicism

Module2:Base- super structure relation in Marxist Theory- view of and Gramsci. Structural and Humanist Interpretation of Marxism- Althusser and Frankfurt School debate

Module3:Socio- Theory of Imperialism- view of Lenin and Trotsky, Dependency Theory views of Andre Gunder Frank and Paul Baron.

References

- Hay, C. (2006).*Political Ontology in R. E. Goodin and C. Tilly (eds.)*.*Oxford Handbook of Contextual Political Analysis*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Marsh, D. and Savigny, H. (2004). *Political Science as a Broad Church: The Search for aPluralist Discipline*, U.S.: Sage Journals.
- Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (2002). *Theories and Methods in Political Science*. U.K. Basingstoke Palgrave Macmillan.
- Norrie, A. (2005).*Theorising Spectrality: Ontology and Ethics in Derrida and Bhaskar*.London: Lawrence & Wishart Publication.

B 3.International Relations & Peace Studies (PHDPOSC103)

Module 1: Theories of International Relations:

Indian School of International Relation (Kautilya), English School of International Relations, Constructivism, Post-Modern Theory, Critical Theory, Ethics in International Relations.

Module 2: Concept in International Relations:

Global Governance, Global Citizenship, Clash of Civilizations, Multiculturalism, Globalisation and anti-Globalisation Movements.

Contemporary Challenges:

Climate Change & Environmental Concerns, International Terrorism, Migration and Refugees, Human Rights.

Module 3: Gandhian and Peace Studies:

Gandhian vision of World Peace, Justice, Conflict-Resolution, Globalisation, Civilization and Environmental Challenges.

References

- Acharya, A.& Buzan, B. (2019). *The Making of Global International Relations: Origin and Evolution of International Relations at its Centenary*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Gandhi, M.K. (2001). *The Story of My Experiments with Truth*, Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House.
- Gandhi, M.K. (2001). *Satyagraha in South Africa*, Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House.
- Pevehouse, J.C.W. & Goldstein, J.S. (2016).*International Relations*, London: Pearson Publishing.
- Smit, C.R.& Snidal, D. (2018).*The Oxford Handbook of International Relations*, UK: Oxford University Press